

# Particle-in-cell Simulations of Pulsar Polar-cap Discharge

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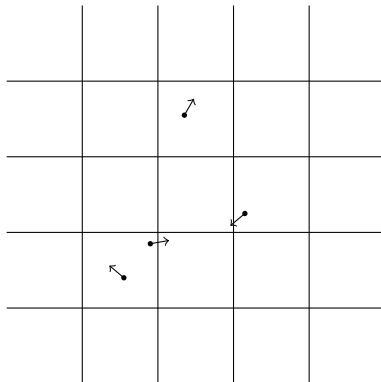
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# A New PIC Code Tailored for Pulsar Simulations

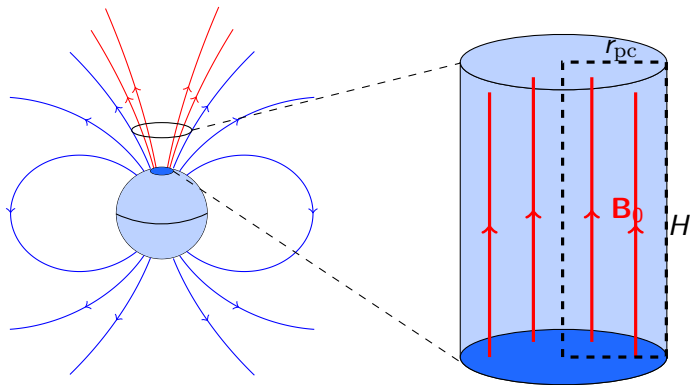
- Attempt to understand Pulsar magnetosphere from first principles
- 2D axisymmetric Particle-in-cell code
- Handles various coordinate systems
- Includes pair creation physics
- Runs on GPUs

# Particle-in-Cell

- Fields are evaluated on a grid
- Particles move in the grid cells
- Interpolate particle motion to obtain current on the grid

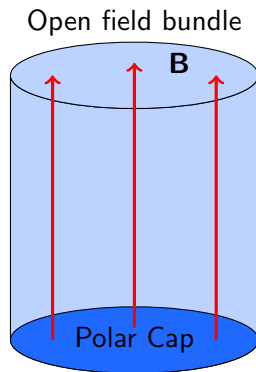


# Polar-cap Simulations



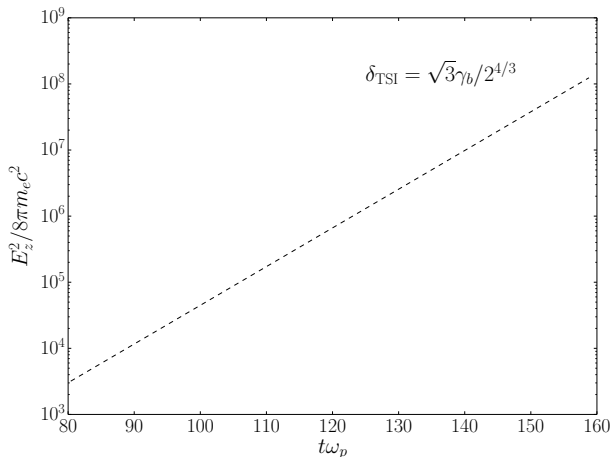
# Polar-cap Simulations

- Grounded cylinder boundary condition
- Escape boundary condition at the top
- Free supply of both signs of charges from the stellar surface
- High energy particles emits photons, which can turn into pairs in strong fields



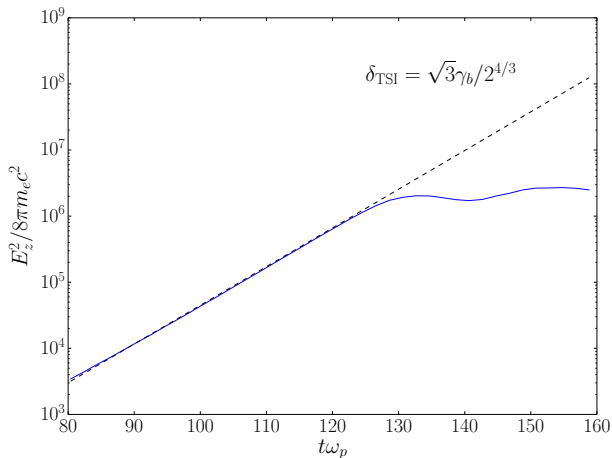
# Polar-cap Simulations

## Test 1: Two-stream instability



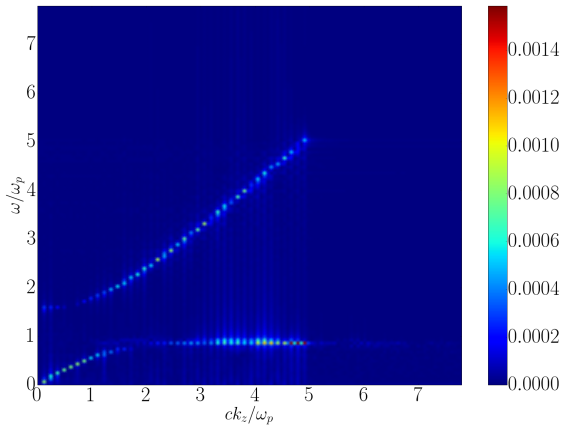
# Polar-cap Simulations

## Test 1: Two-stream instability



# Polar-cap Simulations

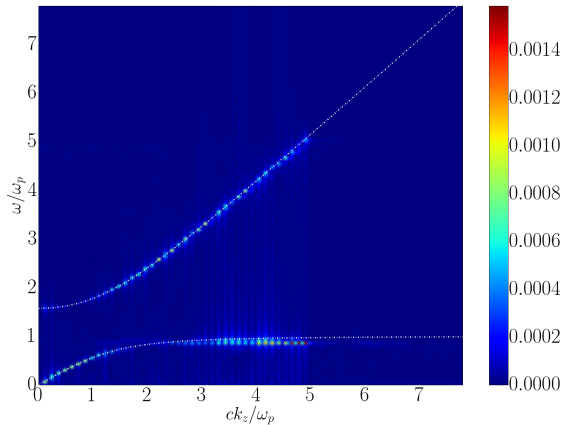
## Test 2: Dispersion relation





# Polar-cap Simulations

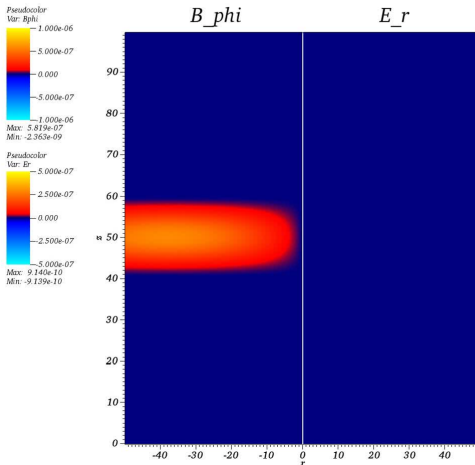
## Test 2: Dispersion relation



# Polar-cap Simulations

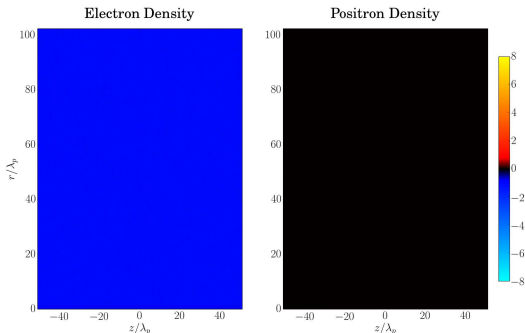
## Test 3: Propagating Alfven Wave Packet

*Time = 0*



# Polar-cap Simulations with Pair Creation

Time = 0  $\omega_p^{-1}$



- Imposing force-free  $\alpha = |\nabla \times \mathbf{B}|/4\pi\rho_{\text{GJ}}$  at the upper boundary
- Starting with  $\rho = \rho_{\text{GJ}}$

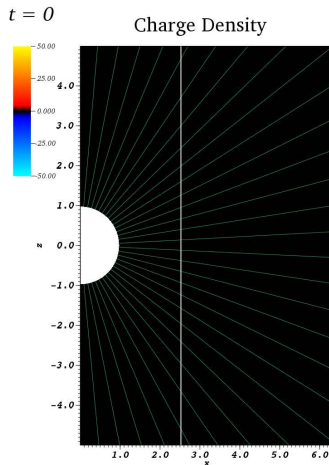
# Towards a Global Simulation

Inconsistency in local simulations indicate the need of a global simulation.

- Spherical coordinates, stellar surface being the natural boundary
- Self-consistently determine the current through polar-cap
- Resolving particle gyration
- Self-consistent pair creation

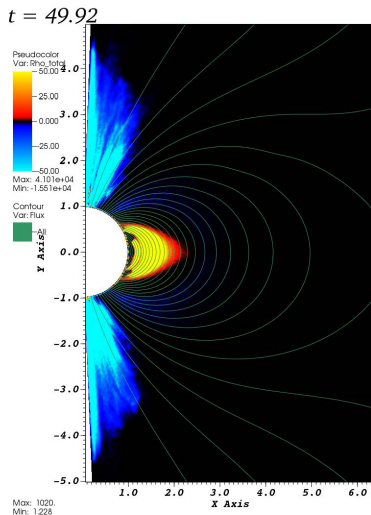
# Michel Monopole Solution

- Gradual spinning up of the star, steady extraction of charges
- Charges flow freely across the light cylinder
- Achieved a steady state, as predicted by Michel (1973)



# Next Step

- Apply to dipole initial condition
- Already able to reproduce the electrosphere (dome and torus)
- Study self-consistent pair creation in this setting



# Conclusion

- A new PIC code designed for pulsar simulations
- Works with curvilinear coordinate systems
- Can handle physical pair creation
- WIP towards a realistic picture of the pulsar

# Thank you!