

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Issue Date 28-May-2009 Revision Date 08-July-2014 Version 1

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifier** 

Product Name Benzyldimethylamine

Other Means of Identification

**SDS #** LC-055

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use Catalyst

### **Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet**

**Supplier Address** Lindau Chemicals, Inc. 731 Rosewood Drive Columbia, SC 29201

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

**Company Phone Number** Phone: 1-803-799-6863 Fax: 1-803-256-3639

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 01-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-457-4280 (North America)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS Status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Classification

Flammable Liquids	Category 3
Acute Toxicity: Oral	Category 4
Acute Toxicity: Inhalation	Category 3
Acute Toxicity: Skin	Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Aquatic Hazard (Acute)	Category 3
Aquatic Hazard (Long-term)	Category 3

# Signal Word

Danger

# **Hazard Statements**

Flammable liquid and vapor
Toxic if inhaled
Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Harmful to aquatic life
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects







Appearance Colorless liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Characteristic

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharge.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Keep container tightly closed.

Do not breathe vapor.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub> or foam to extinguish.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

#### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# **Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)**

None known

#### **Other Hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Harmful to aquatic life

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Synonyms} & \textbf{N,N-dimethylbenzylamine, N,N-dimethylbenzenemethanamine} \\ \textbf{Formula} & \textbf{C}_{9}\textbf{H}_{13}\textbf{N} \end{array}$ 

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Benzyldimethylamine	103-83-3	>99

<sup>\*\*</sup> If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### **First Aid Measures**

Inhalation Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept

under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Eye Contact** Seek medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush

eyes with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart while flushing to rinse entire surface of eye and lids with water. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with

water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

**Skin Contact** Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Wash affected area with plenty of soap and water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a

physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

#### **Potential Acute Health Effects**

**Inhalation** Toxic if inhaled. May give off gas or vapor that is very irritating or corrosive to the

respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Eye Contact** Causes serious eye damage

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Skin Contact** Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

#### Over-exposure Signs/Symptoms

Inhalation No specific data

**Eye Contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness.

**Ingestion** Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains.

**Skin Contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering.

#### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed (if Necessary)

Note to Physician Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure, continue

medical monitoring for at least 48 hours.

**Protection of First-aiders**No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point Closed cup: 53.6 to 54.4°C (128.5 to 129.9°F)

Flammability Limits Lower: 0.9% Upper: 6.3%

**Extinguishing Media** 

**Suitable Media** Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub> or foam.

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, nitric acid

#### **Special Protective Actions for Fire-fighters**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

#### Special Protective Equipment for Fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark Not explosive

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-emergency Personnel No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal

protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information

in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information above "For

Non-emergency Personnel."

**Environmental Precautions** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the

environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,

water courses, basements or confined areas.

Methods for Cleaning Up Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows: Contain and

collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material, e.g., sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth, and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: See Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on

skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be

hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**General Occupational Hygiene** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled,

stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating

areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage (Including any Incompatibilities)

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in segregated and approved areas. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

Engineering Controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or

other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas or vapor concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental Exposure** Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they

comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual Protection Measures**

**Hygiene Measures** Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating,

smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

**Eye/Face Protection** Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or vapors. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face

shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Hand Protection** Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn

at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the

time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove

manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time

of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body Protection** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-

static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other Skin Protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal Hazards Not available

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid

AppearanceColorless liquidOdorSweetColorColorlessOdor ThresholdNot available.

 Property
 Values
 Remarks/Method

 pH
 10
 10 g/l, 20 °C (68 °F)

Melting Point/Freezing Point -75 °C (-103 °F) Boiling Point/Condensation point 180 °C (356 °F)

Flash Point 53.6 to 54.4 °C (128.5 to 129.9 °F) Closed cup

Evaporation RateNot availableFlammability (Solid, Gas)Not availableUpper Flammability Limit6.3%Lower Flammability Limit0.9%

Vapor Pressure0.8 kPa (6 mm Hg)25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor Density Not available

**Relative Density** 0.9 g/ml 25 °C (77 °F)

Water Solubility Slightly Soluble

Water Solubility Result 1.2 g / 100 ml  $25 ^{\circ}\text{C} (77 ^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/Water)} & \log P_{\text{ow}} = 1.98 \\ \textbf{Auto-Ignition Temperature} & 250 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (482 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \textbf{Decomposition Temperature} & \text{Not available} \\ \textbf{Explosive Properties} & \text{Not explosive} \\ \textbf{Oxidizing Properties} & \text{None} \\ \end{array}$ 

**Dynamic Viscosity** 3.43 cP 25 °C (77 °F)

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity are available for this product or its ingredients.

### **Chemical Stability**

The product is stable.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acid chlorides.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If heated, product may decompose to create carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides and nitric acid.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Information on Toxicological Effects**

### **Acute Toxicity**

Product Name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Benzyldimethylamine	No official guidelines	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat – Male, Female	2.06 mg/L
103-83-3	No official guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit – Male	1,660 mg/kg
	No official guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rat – Male, Female	579 mg/kg

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product Name	Test	Species	Result
Benzyldimethylamine	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin – Corrosive
103-83-3	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes – Severe irritant

# Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** Benzyldimethylamine Corrosive to the skin

Eyes Benzyldimethylamine Severely irritating to eyes

# **Sensitization**

Product Name	Test	Route of Exposure	Species	Result
Benzyldimethylamine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	Skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
103-83-3				

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product name	Test	Result
Benzyldimethylamine	Experiment: in vitro; Subject: Bacteria; Metabolic activation: +/-	Negative
103-83-3	Experiment: in vitro: Subject: Mammalian – Animal	Negative
	Experiment: in vitro: Subject: Mammalian – Animal; Cell: Somatic	Negative

Conclusion/Summary

No mutagenic effect

# Carcinogenicity

Not available

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

In accordance with section 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XI, this test does not appear scientifically necessary.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Not available

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Not available

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not available

Information on the Likely Routes of Exposure Not available

#### Potential Acute Health Effects

**Inhalation** Toxic if inhaled. May give off gas or vapor that is very irritating or corrosive to the

respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Eye Contact Causes serious eye damage

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Skin Contact** Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

# Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics

Inhalation No specific data

**Eye Contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness.

**Ingestion** Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains.

**Skin Contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering.

# Delayed and Immediate Effects and also Chronic Effects from Short-term and Long-term Exposure

### **Short-term Exposure**

Potential Immediate Effects Not available

Potential Delayed Effects Not available

#### **Long-term Exposure**

Potential Immediate Effects Not available

Potential Delayed Effects Not available

#### Potential Chronic Health Effects

Product Name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Benzyldimethylamine	OECD 407 Repeated Dose 28-day	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat – Male, Female	150 mg/kg
103-83-3	Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents			

General No known significant effects or critical hazards

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards

Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards

**Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards

**Developmental Effects**No known significant effects or critical hazards

Fertility Effects No known significant effects or critical hazards

# **Acute Toxicity Estimates**

Route	ATE Value	
Dermal	1,100 mg/kg	

Other Information Not available

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Toxicity**

Product Name	Test	Endpoint	Exposure	Species	Result
Benzyldimethylamine 103-83-3	DIN DIN 38412 Part 8	Acute EC50	17 hours Static	Bacteria	749.6 mg/l
	EU EC C.2 Acute Toxicity for Daphnia	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	>100 mg/l
	EU EC C.3 Algal Inhibition Test	Acute ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours Static	Algae	1.34 mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	37.8 mg/l
	DIN DIN 38412 Part 8	Chronic EC10	17 hours Static	Bacteria	534 mg/l
	EU EC C.3 Algal Inhibition Test	Chronic LOAEL	72 hours Static	Algae	0.24 mg/l
	EU	Chronic NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	0.789 mg/l

Conclusion/Summary

Harmful to aquatic organisms if run directly to surface waters

# Persistence and Degradability

Product Name	Test	Period	Result
Benzyldimethylamine	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability – Modified MITI Test (I)	28 days	0 to 2%
103-83-3			

Product Name	Aquatic Half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Benzyldimethylamine			Not readily
103-83-3			-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Not readily biodegradable

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Product Name	log P <sub>ow</sub>	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)	Potential
Benzyldimethylamine	1.98	2.1 to 6.4	low
103-83-3			

# **Mobility in Soil**

Not available

# Other Adverse Effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards

# Other Ecological Information

BOD5 Not determined

**COD** Not determined

TOC Not determined

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal Methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with all applicable local, regional, national and international laws and regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORTINFORMATION

#### **Shipping Name by Regulatory Entity**

**DOT** Benzyldimethylamine

IMDG Benzyldimethylamine

IATA Benzyldimethylamine

Regulatory Information	UN Number	Classes	Packing Group	Label
DOT Classification	UN-2619	8 (3)	II	CORROSIVE TAMBURE LIQUID
IMDG Classification	UN-2619	8 (3)	II	CORROSIVE RAMMERE LIQUID
IATA Classification	UN-2619	8 (3)	II	CORROSIVE RAWFILL LIGHT

#### Note

Please see current shipping paper for most up-to-date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety. Health and Environmental Regulations Specific for the Product

#### **United States Federal Regulations**

TSCA 8(b) Inventory All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 5(a)2 Final Significant New Use Rule (SNUR) No ingredients listed

TSCA 5(e) Substance Consent Order No ingredients listed

TSCA 12(b) Export Notification No ingredients listed

SARA 311/312 Fire hazard. Immediate (acute) health hazard.

Clean Air Act - Ozone-Depleting Substances (ODS) This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with

ozone-depleting substances.

SARA 313 No ingredients listed

CERCLA Hazardous Substances No ingredients listed

**United States State Regulations** 

Pennsylvania – RTK No ingredients listed

California Proposition 65 This product contains no listed substances, known to the state of California to cause

cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning

under the statute.

**Canadian Regulations** 

CEPA DSL All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS Classes Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F)

Class E: Corrosive material

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### **Brazil Regulations**

Classification System Used Norma ABNT-NBR 14725-2:2012

### **International Inventories**

Australia Inventory (AICS)

China Inventory (IECSC)

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

Korea Inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)

Not determined

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Inventory (CSNN) Not determined

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# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**NFPA Health Hazards Flammability** Instability **Special Hazards** Not determined

**Personal Protection Health Hazards Flammability Physical Hazards HMIS** 3

Not determined

**Issue Date** 28-May-2009 08-July-2014 **Revision Date Revision Note** New format

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**