Investigating the Quantum Mechanism for Magnetorecption in Birds

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# **Objectives**

- Understand the role of quantum coherence and entanglement in the biological compass system.
- Explore the potential role of a quantum phase transition in the local nuclear environment.



## Induction Loops



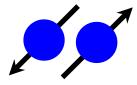
### Magnetite Receptors

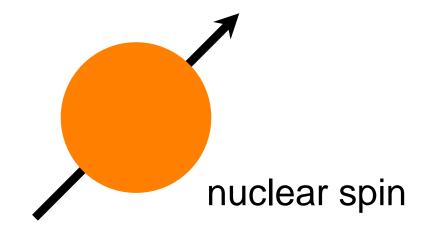


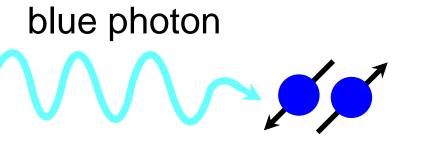
### **Radical Pair Mechanism**

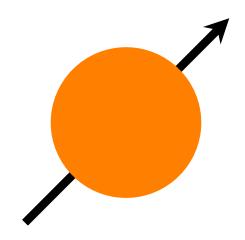
#### The RPM model:

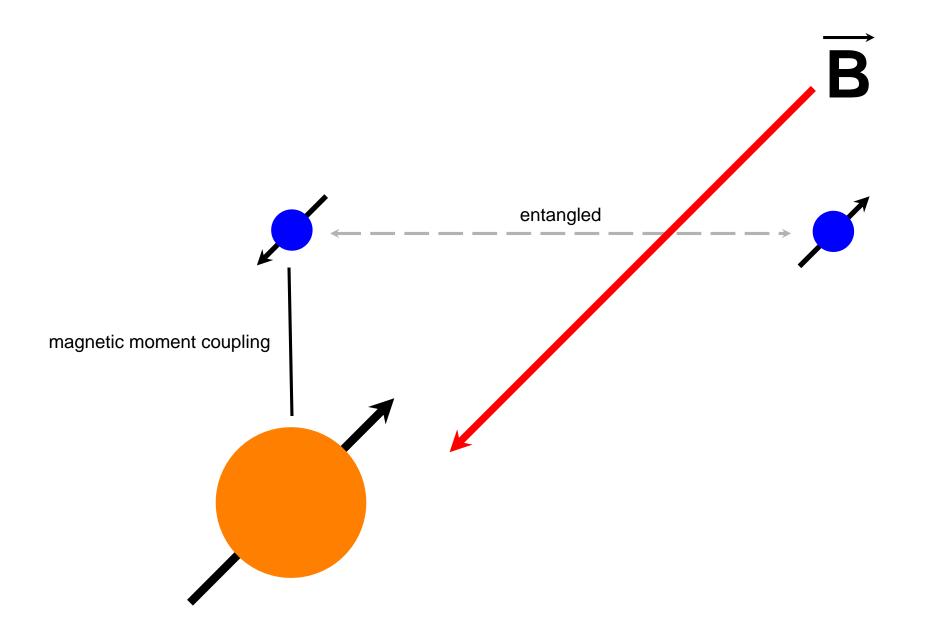
antiparallel electron pair

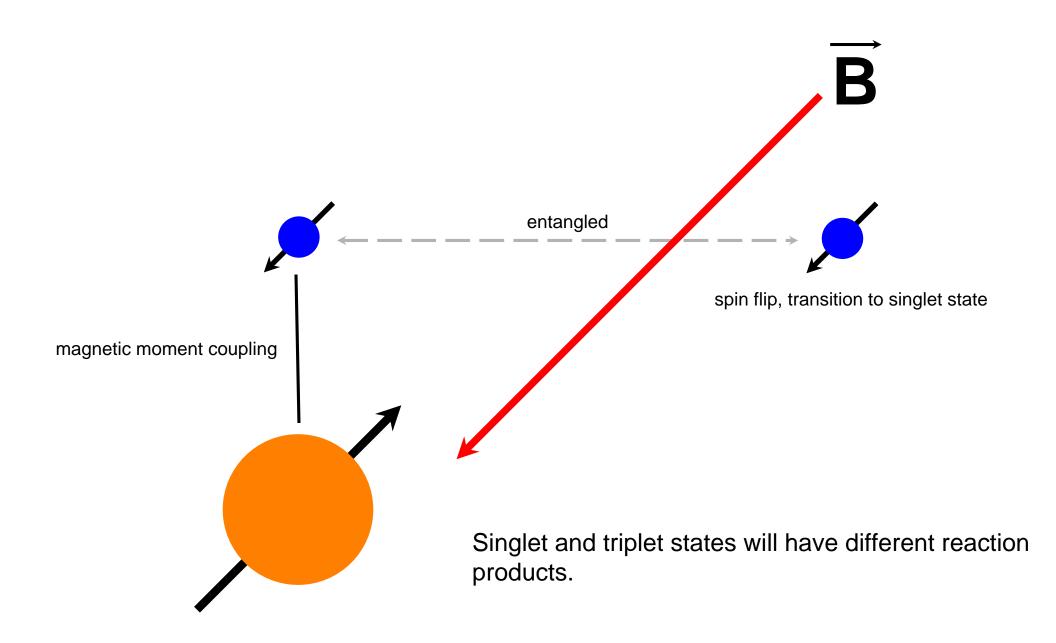




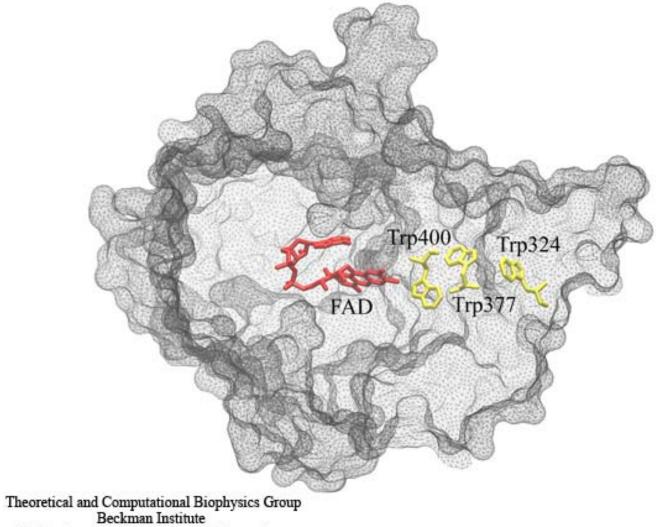




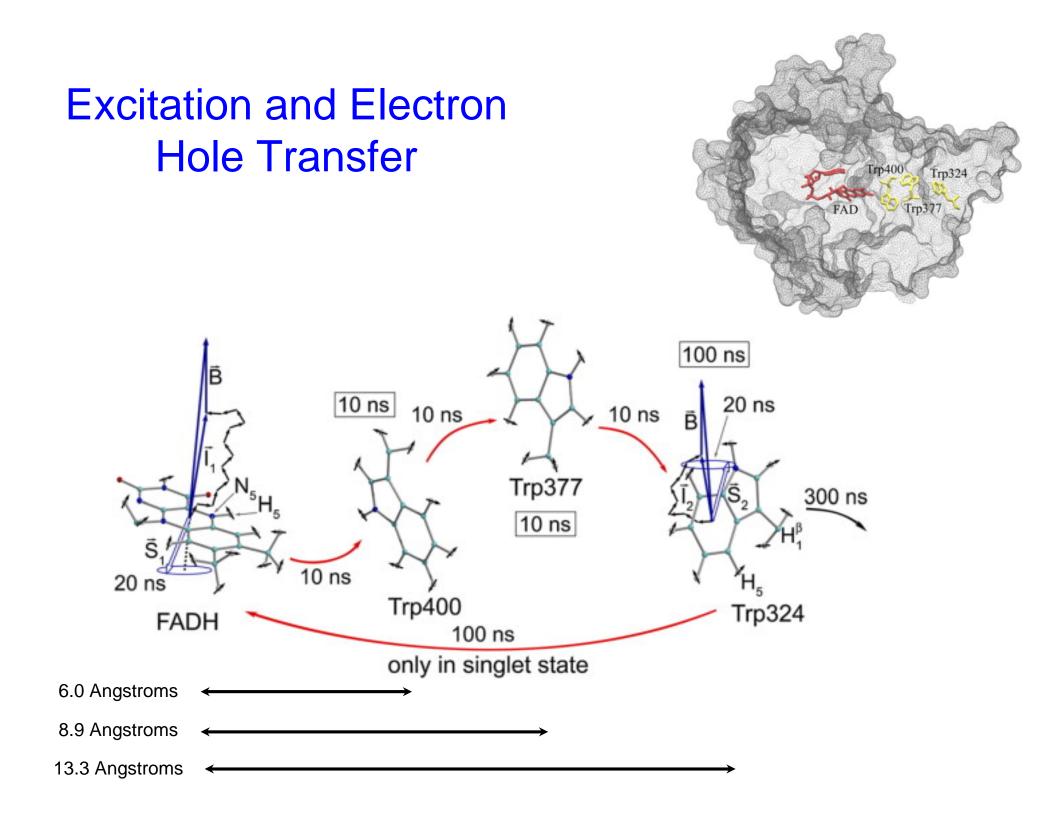




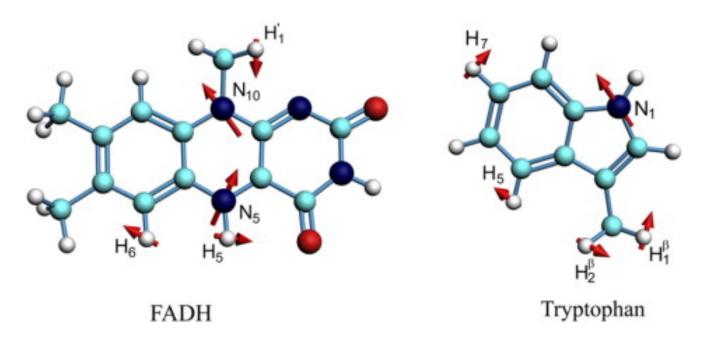
### **Cryptochrome Molecule**



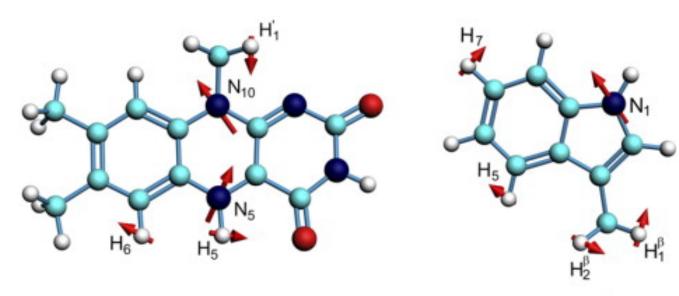
Beckman Institute University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign



### Structure and Energy Levels

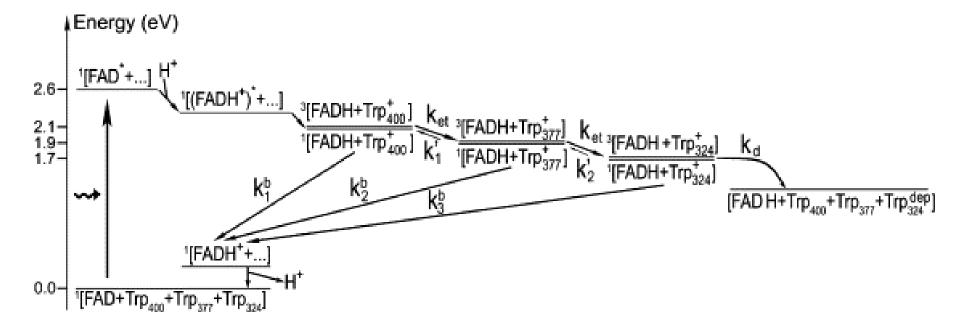


#### Structure and Energy Levels



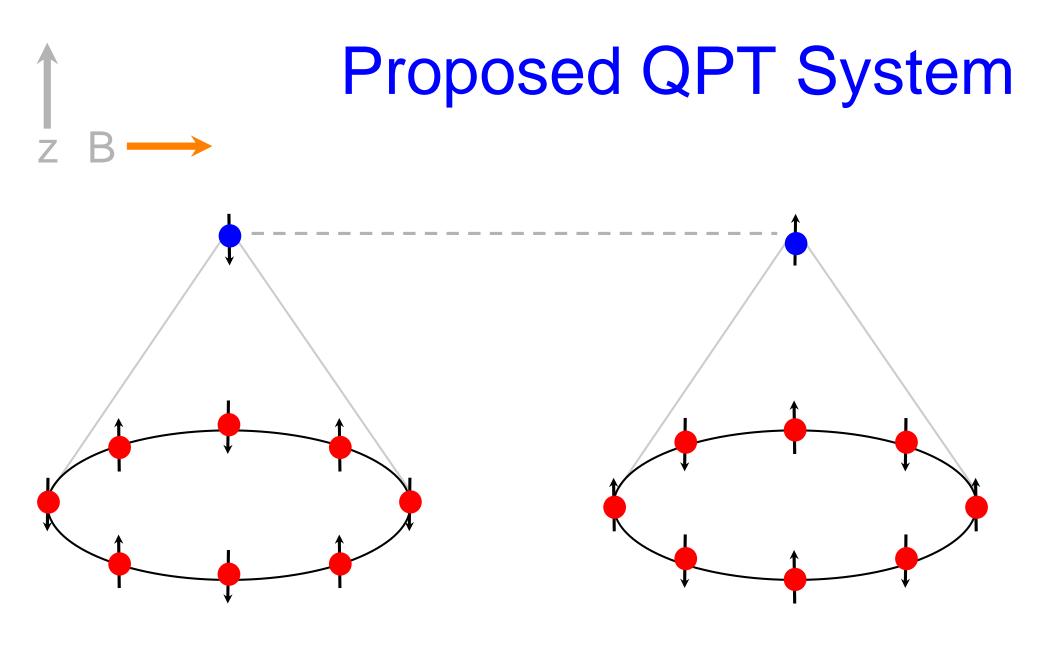
FADH

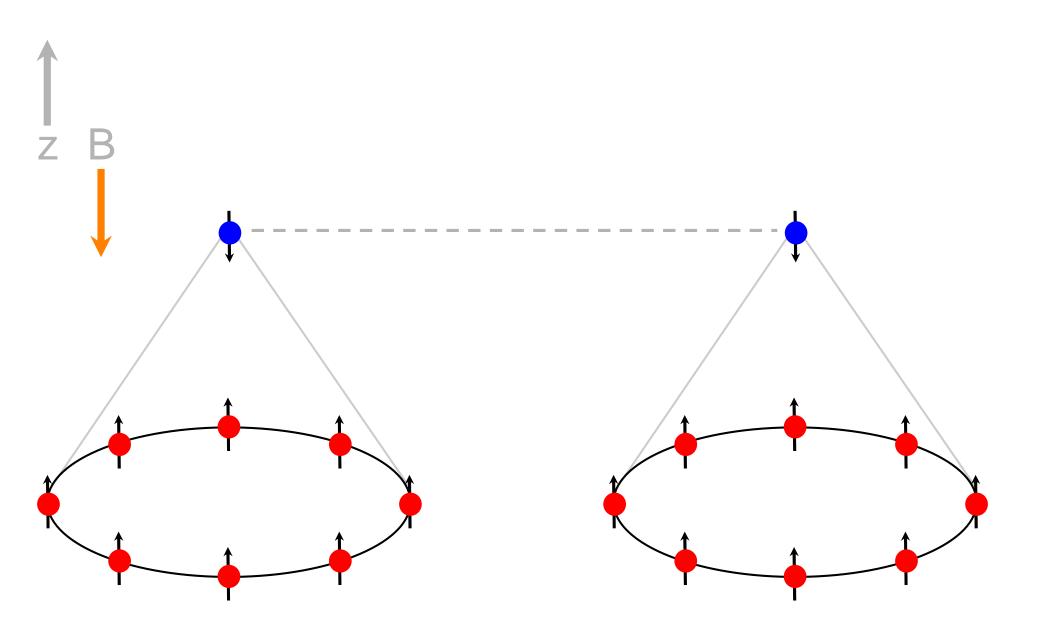
Tryptophan



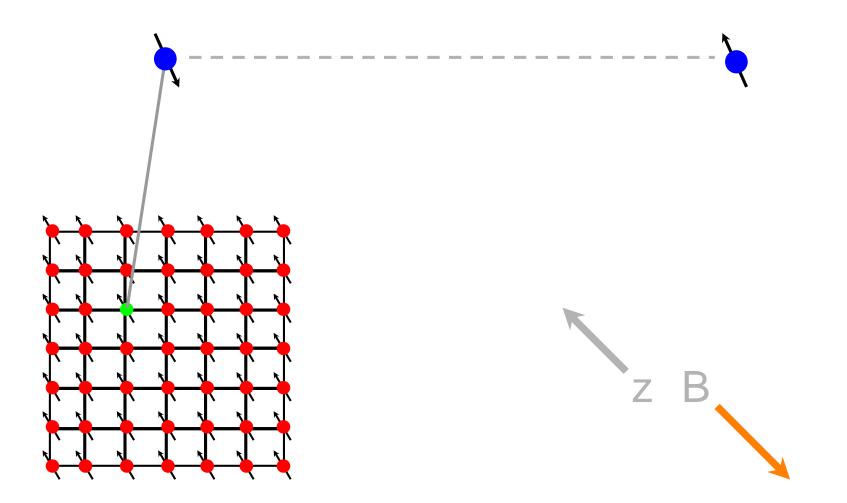
# Rationale for a Radical Pair Mechanism

- Orientation of birds is effected by certain wavelengths and intensities of light.
- Radio frequency interference.
- Cryptochrome is found in many birds' retinas.
- Demonstrated role in magnetic orientation of fruit flies.





### A Revised QPT Dependent Model



## My Proposed Hamiltonian

$$H = I^{z} \cdot A \cdot R(\theta, B) \cdot \sigma_{1}^{z} + \gamma \cdot B \cdot \left(\sigma_{1}^{z} + \sigma_{2}^{z}\right)$$

Conditions and Assumptions for Simulation and Calculations

- 2-D ising lattice, closed boundary conditions.
- 100 and 400 spin sites.
- Hydrogen/Proton for spin sites.
- aprox. 800 picometers between sites.
- 300 K.
- B = 4.7 T for GMT.

# **Revised Environment**

- 2-D ising lattice, closed boundary conditions.
- 100 and 400 spin sites.
- Nitrogen nuclei.
- aprox. 8 nanometers between sites.
- 0 K.
- B = 4.7 T for GMT.

# **Results and Conclusion**

- A QPT in the magnetic property of the spin environment does not occur under realistic environmental conditions.
- RPM system is likely a relatively small group of objects, limited to the local environment.

# **Continuing Research Goals**

- Investigate entanglement in the system in the presence of quantum noise and disorder.
- Model and characterize the environmental electronic structure: singlet-triplet splitting, ring currents, etc.
- Spin correlation and its effects on the chemistry of the system.

## Acknowledgements

- National Science Foundation REU Program
- Sergei Savikhin
- Purdue University
- Kais Theory Group