

PURDUE USCMS Tier-2 Compact Muion Solenoid Experiment

CMS Tier-2 Analysis Facility Demo October 28, 2022

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Research Computing

What is an ANALYSIS FACILITY P

• How we did Physics Analysis in the past

- Local machine (laptop/desktop/workstation)
- SSH access to login nodes, ideally with X11-support
- Write C++ analysis code
- Run batch jobs for full-scale analysis (crab, etc.)
- \circ $\,$ Run ROOT using data on local or shared file systems $\,$

How can we improve this today

- Interactive, browser-based computing with immediate feedback
- Python instead of C++
- Provide a set of common environments for analysis
- Ability to fully scale analysis via *Slurm* or *Kubernetes*, GPUs
- While maintaining current analysis methods (you can still run ROOT in the old-fashioned way and submit batch jobs if desired...)
- These are new technologies being investigated across the field, some are still under development
 - \circ $\,$ In this demo, we want to show you what is possible today at Purdue
 - We will have a follow up survey to gather your feedback for future plans

Interfaces to the AF

Analysis Facility Landing Page

• JupyterHub

- Provides immediate access to notebook environments
- Shared resource runs on Hammer front-end nodes
- <u>https://notebook.hammer.rcac.purdue.edu</u>

• Open OnDemand - NEW!

- Provides queued access to notebook and desktop environments
- Exclusive access runs on Hammer compute or Gilbreth GPU nodes
- <u>https://gateway.hammer.rcac.purdue.edu</u>
- <u>https://gateway.gilbreth.rcac.purdue.edu</u>
- Composable JupyterLab NEW!
 - Provides immediate access to notebook and desktop environments
 - Exclusive fine grained access runs on Geddes Kubernetes
 - https://cms.geddes.rcac.purdue.edu



Environments

• What are they, and how they get referred to

- Conda environments
- LMOD modules
- Jupyter kernels

• Why do we need them

- Add functionality
 - missing software packages
 - different versions (needed vs installed at system level)
- Manage complexity
 - not all software packages are compatible with one another
 - finding compatible versions, and storing them in one place is the essence of building those new environments

• Available pre-defined analysis environments (kernels)

- Python 3 PyROOT
- ROOT C++
- COFFEA
- CMSSW
- Python Machine Learning (ML)

• Create your own environments!

- Share with colleagues via Data Depot, or experiment privately
 - using '<u>conda create</u>'
 - using '<u>conda-env-mod</u>'



Today's Demo

- How to access the Analysis facility
- Example #1 Typical Analysis Procedure standard steps of a CMS analysis, performed locally on single files and single CPU
- **Example #2** Full-size CMS Physics analysis of large datasets, using GPUs for training a DNN, and DASK for scaling-out to multiple CPUs/computing nodes.
- Purdue Analysis Facility Demo Materials in GitHub
- <u>Analysis Facility Landing Page</u>



Analysis Example

Includes main steps of a typical CMS analysis

- Read data and MC root files from storage element (COFFEA like: using uproot and awkward array)
- Perform selection on physics objects
- Fill and plot histograms using *ROOT* or *matplotlib*
- Perform event selection (on multiple objects)
- Compute a new quantity (invariant mass) from existing quantities (using *vector* library)
- Train a DNN to distinguish between signal and background
- Use DNN score in event selection and plot final distribution for data and MC
- Save final plot



Scale-out Techniques

• From single files to full datasets

- Use xrootd protocol to access local (or remote) datasets
- Read in parallel using DASK

• Using GPUs

- Switch to GPU-enabled version of pytorch, and make use of the local GPU for the training the DNN
- Parallelize analysis to run on multiple CPUs (cluster)
 - Split the whole processing in multiple chunks using DASK, and run it in parallel on a small cluster with automatic dynamic scaling of the number of CPUs.



Current status and Future plans

• Currently available at Purdue:

Analysis Facility Platforms			
Resource	Cluster	Access	GPUs
JupyterHub	Hammer	Shared Front-Ends	Yes (T4)
OnDemand	Hammer	Dedicated Nodes	Yes (T4)
	Gilbreth	Dedicated Nodes	Yes (A100, A30, V100, P100)
	Bell	Dedicated Nodes	No
Composable	Geddes	Dedicated Pods	Yes (A100)

• Future plans

- Will be formulated based on your needs and feedback
- Consolidate OnDemand into a single entry point for all clusters
- Permanent DASK queues reservation, Jupyter DASK extension
- Incorporate AMD GPUs that are becoming available



Summary

- We showed you what the AF at Purdue looks like, and how you can access it to run a simple CMS Physics analysis on it.
- We also demonstrated how you can scale that analysis to run on full datasets in real time, using multiple compute nodes and GPUs for speeding it up.
- The future shape and size of the facility will strongly depend on your needs.
- We want to hear from you
 - Do you find it useful?
 - What additional features you want to see?
 - Is the capacity enough?
- Survey coming soon!
- Special thanks to Amandeep Kaur and Dmitry Kondratyev for preparing the Physics Analysis examples!
- Email us for support at <u>cms-support@lists.purdue.edu</u>

