

In[1]:= (* Transfer matrix for a distance d in a medium with index of refraction n *)

$$tm[d_, n_] := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ d/n & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[2]:= (* Refraction matrix for a spherical surface of
radius r with a change in index of refraction dn = nt - ni *)

$$rm[r_, dn_] := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -dn/r \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[3]:= (* Initial ray starting at a distance so from the first vertex *)

$$y0 := \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[4]:= (* Propagate the ray to the first vixtex *)

$$y1 = tm[so, 1].y0$$

Out[4]= $\{\{\alpha\}, \{so \alpha\}\}$

In[7]:= (* Refract the ray into the sphere *)

$$y2 = rm[r, n-1].y1$$

Out[7]= $\left\{ \left\{ \alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right\}, \{so \alpha\} \right\}$

In[8]:= (* Propagate the ray through the sphere *)

$$y3 = tm[2r, n].y2$$

Out[8]= $\left\{ \left\{ \alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right\}, \left\{ so \alpha + \frac{2r \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right)}{n} \right\} \right\}$

In[9]:= (* Refract out of the sphere *)

$$y4 = rm[-r, 1-n].y3$$

Out[9]= $\left\{ \left\{ \alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} - \frac{(-1+n) \left(so \alpha + \frac{2r \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right)}{n} \right)}{r} \right\}, \left\{ so \alpha + \frac{2r \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right)}{n} \right\} \right\}$

In[10]:= (* Propagate ray to the image point *)

$$yi = tm[si, 1].y4$$

Out[10]= $\left\{ \left\{ \alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} - \frac{(-1+n) \left(so \alpha + \frac{2r \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right)}{n} \right)}{r} \right\}, \left\{ so \alpha + \frac{2r \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right)}{n} + si \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} - \frac{(-1+n) \left(so \alpha + \frac{2r \left(\alpha + \frac{(1-n) so \alpha}{r} \right)}{n} \right)}{r} \right) \right\} \right\}$

In[13]:= (* The condition for an image is that the ray crosses the optical axis
at the image point. So we need to solve for si as a function of so. *)

$$solution = Solve[yi[[2]] == 0, \{si\}]$$

Out[13]= $\left\{ \left\{ si \rightarrow \frac{r (2r + 2so - nso)}{-2r + nr - 2so + 2nso} \right\} \right\}$

(* When the object is placed at the focal point of the first refracting surface,
we will have... *)

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In[15]:= FullSimplify[si /. solution /. {so -> r / (n - 1)}]
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Out[15]=  $\left\{ \frac{r}{-1 + n} \right\}$ 
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