

Homework 6 Phys660

- Problem 1: We consider a two particle system,

$$H(x_1, p_1, x_2, p_2) = H_1(\hat{x}_1, \hat{p}_1) + H_2(\hat{x}_2, \hat{p}_2) + V(|x_1 - x_2|) \quad (1)$$

where the two Hamiltonians $H_1(x, p) = H_2(x, p)$. For this system, we have a new symmetry, exchange symmetry, i.e. $H(x_1, p_1, x_2, p_2) = H(x_2, p_2, x_1, p_1)$.

- Construct the quantum operator associated with the exchange symmetry and show it is conserved.
- What are the eigenvalues and eigenstates of the quantum operator?
- Let's assume that there is no interaction between two particles, i.e. $V = 0$. The complete set of eigenstates for one particle Hamiltonian H_i is given by $\{|\psi_n\rangle, E_n\}$. Write the complete set of eigenstates for the two particle system as the eigenstates of the exchange operator.
- What do you expect for a system with many identical particles?

- Problem 2: (ordering in antiunitary operator)

Consider $\hat{\theta}$ is an antiunitary operator which is defined in position base, i.e. $\hat{\theta} \sum_x f(x)|x\rangle = \sum_x f^*(x)|x\rangle$. Let $\hat{\theta}^+$ is the adjoint operator of $\hat{\theta}$. Evaluate the following values,

- $\langle x' | \hat{\theta}^+ \sum_x f(x) |x\rangle$
- $\langle x' | \sum_x f(x) \hat{\theta}^+ |x\rangle$
- $\langle \psi | \hat{\theta}^+ \sum_x f(x) |x\rangle$, where $|\psi\rangle = \sum_x g(x) |x\rangle$.

- Problem 3:

(a) In Galilean group, a pure boost element, $(1, \vec{v}, 0, 0)$ and, a pure space translation, $(1, 0, \vec{a}, 0)$, is their product, $(1, \vec{v}, 0, 0)(1, 0, \vec{a}, 0) = (1, 0, \vec{a}, 0)(1, \vec{v}, 0, 0)$?

(b) Now consider the quantum operators associated with the pure boost and space translation, $\hat{U}(1, \vec{v}, 0, 0)$, $\hat{U}(1, 0, \vec{a}, 0)$. Do they commute with each other? Derive the relation when you exchange these two operators.

- Problem 4:

Explicitly show that the rotation operator associated with rotating ϕ around an axis in \vec{n} direction is given by $\exp(-\frac{i}{\hbar} \phi \vec{n} \cdot \vec{L})$.

- Problem 5

Consider a spin-one particle, \hat{S} . Let $\hat{S}(n) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}(S_x + S_y + S_z)$. The eigenstates of $\hat{S}(n)$ are labeled to be $|1\rangle, |0\rangle, |-1\rangle$. What are the matrix representations of S_x, S_y, S_z in the above new eigenstate base?